# Breakthroughs in the treatment of APL: role of arsenic in newlydiagnosed patients

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# 1. **Overview of APL treatment**

- 2. Arsenic as first-line treatment in China
- Optimization of Arsenic treatment
   Ongoing clinical trial in the arsenicbased regimen for APL

## **Overview of APL treatment in China**

- Consensus and guideline for APL treatment by Chinese Society of Hematology, Chinese Medical Association

- ATRA + chemotherapy based regimen ATRA + arsenic based regimen

*Chin J Hematol* 2010;31:69

# **ATRA+chemotherapy**

| Group                        | Year | Ν   | CR% | D(E)FS% | Strategy                       |
|------------------------------|------|-----|-----|---------|--------------------------------|
| European APL <sup>33</sup>   | 1999 | 99  | 94  | 84      | ATRA/DA                        |
| GIMEMA <sup>35</sup>         | 1997 | 240 | 95  | 79      | ATRA/Ida                       |
| North American <sup>36</sup> | 1997 | 172 | 72  | 75      | Maintenance                    |
| PETHEMA <sup>54</sup>        | 1999 | 123 | 89  | 92      | No ara-C                       |
| GAMLCG <sup>37</sup>         | 2000 | 51  | 92  | 88      | High-dose ara-C<br>(High-risk) |

Tallman M, Blood Tallman M, Blood

### 1. **Overview of APL treatment in China**

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# **Arsenic: first-line treatment for APL**

#### **Rationale:**

- Clinical data:

relapsed pateints with previous ATRA/chemo: high CR rate and long-term survival newly-diagnosed APL: high CR rate and long-term survvial

- Laboratory study:

degradation of PML-RAR induced by arsenic

induction of aopotosis and differentiation

inhibition of leukemia stem cell or leukemia initiate cells in mice model

# Single-Institute analysis: RJH

• ATRA + Arsenic as induction therapy

|                     | ATRA      | Arsenic   | ATRA+Arsenic |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| No of patients      | 20        | 20        | 21           |
| Dose of ATRA(mg)    | 1230      |           | 810          |
| Dose of arsenic(mg) |           | 290       | 210          |
| CR rate             | 19(95%)   | 18(90%)   | 20(95.2%)    |
| Median Days to CR   | 40(25-65) | 31(28-38) | 26(18-35)    |
|                     |           |           |              |

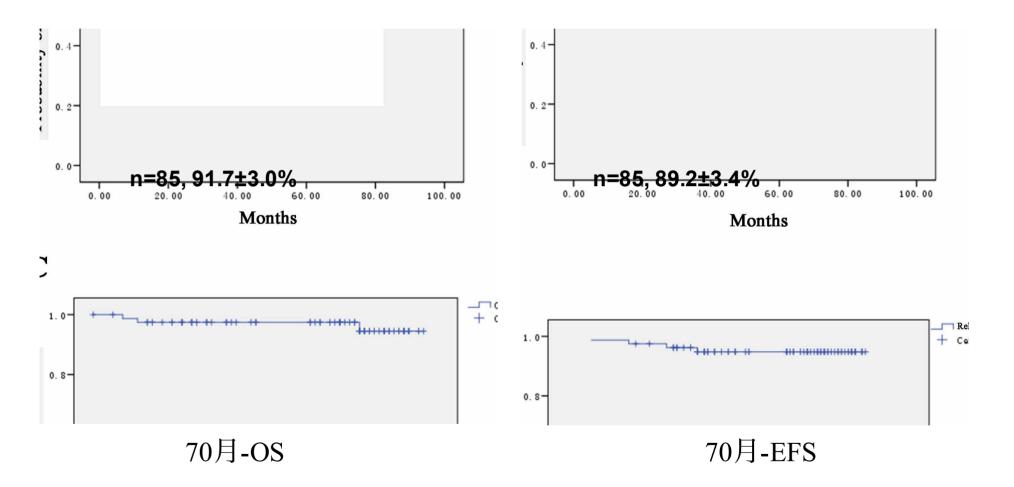
Shi Z, PNAS 2004;101:5328

# Single-Institute analysis: RJH

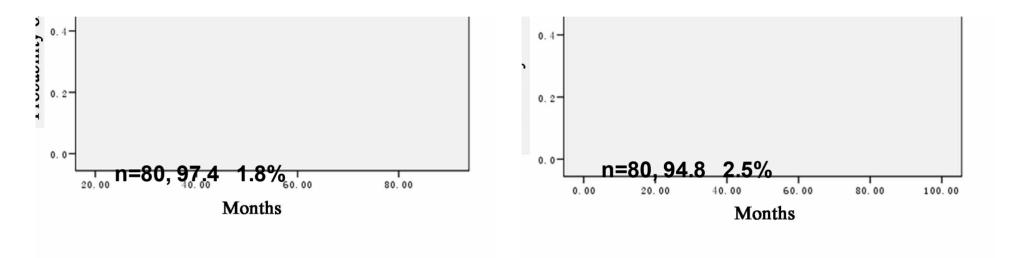
#### • Arsenic as part of induction and maintenance:

- induction: ATRA 25mg/m2/d + As2O3 0.16mg/kg/d
- consolidation: chemotherapy DA/ID-Ara-C/HA
- maintenance: 5 cycels of 3-month sequential maintenance ATRA:25mg/m2/d As2O3: 0.16mg/m2/d
  6-mercaptopurine (6-MP): 100mg/d Methotrexate 15mg/w

#### Follow-up: 85 newly-diagnosed patients



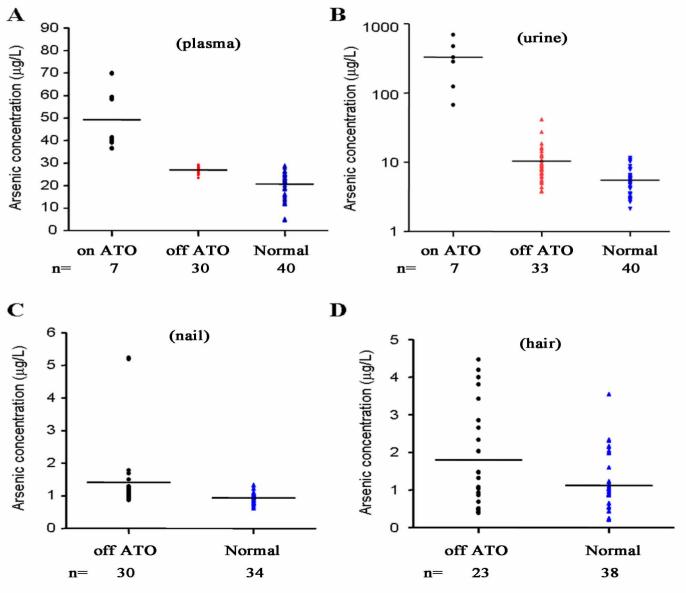
### Follow-up: 80 patients in remission



70月-OS

70月-EFS

# Monitoring of arsenic during and after treatment



# Overview of APL treatment in China Arsenic as first-line treatment in China Optimization of Arsenic treatment Ongoing clinical trial in the arsenicbased regimen for APL

# **Optimization of arsenic treatment**

- Best timing of treatment: induction vs. consolidation vs. maintenance
- Montherapy vs combination
- Chemotherapy required?
- IV vs. oral
- Total dose of arsenic and safety issue

#### **Optimization of arsenic treatment**

|               | RuiJin* | MDACC* | North Am* | Hong Kong | Iran/India |
|---------------|---------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|
|               |         |        |           |           |            |
| Induction     | +       | +      | -         | -         | +          |
| Consolidation | -       | +      | +         | -         | +          |
| Maintenance   | +       | -      | -         | +         | +          |
| Total cycles  | 6       | 5      | 2         | 12**      | 6-8***     |

\* Arsenic combinaed with ATRA

**\*\*** Oral arsenic 2 weeks every two months for 2 years

\*\*\* Arsenic as monotherapy. Maintenance: 10 day a months for 6 cycles

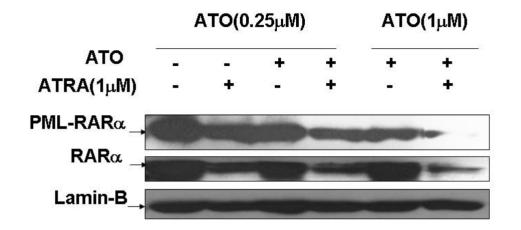
Hu J, PNAS 2009;106:3342; EsteyE, Blood 2006;107:3469 Powell B, Blood 2010;116:3751; Au W, Blood 2011;118:6535 Mathews V, JCO 2010;28:3866; Ghavamzadeh A, JCO 2011;29:2753

#### **Optimization of arsenic treatment**

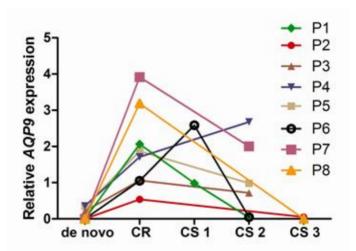
|             | RuiJin | MDACC | North Am | Hong Kong | Iran | India |
|-------------|--------|-------|----------|-----------|------|-------|
| No patients | 85     | 82    | _        | 76        | 197  | 72    |
| CR          | 94%    | 91%   | -        | -         | 86%  | 86%   |
| DFS/EFS     | 89%    | -     | 80%      | 83.7%     | 67%  | 69%   |
| OS          | 92%    | 85%   | 86%      | 90.6%     | 64%  | 74%   |

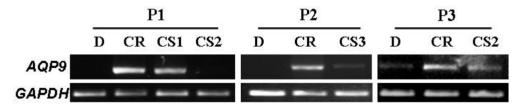
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#### **Combination of arsenic and ATRA**



Synnergy in the degradation of PML-RAR





ATRA induced AQP9 gene expression which increased the sensitivity of leukemia cell to arsenic

### **Combination of arsenic and ATRA**

|                       |                                 | Effect on                 | LIC         |                 |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Treatment             | Effect on PML-RARα              | Promyelocytes             | Elimination | Outcome         |
| RA                    | transactivation > degradation   | differentiation           | no          | relapse         |
| RA + arsenic          | degradation > transactivation   | differentiation           | rapid       | cure            |
| Liposomal RA          | transactivation and degradation | differentiation           | slow        | cure or relapse |
| RA +<br>anthracycline |                                 | death and differentiation | slow        | cure or relapse |

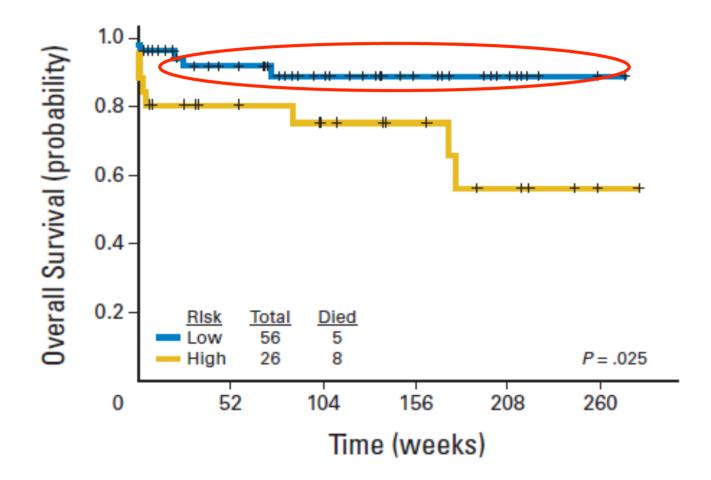
Scott Kogan, Cancer Cell 2009;15:7

# Role of chemotherapy if arsenic is used as front-line therapy?

- Appealing concept to cure leukemia by nonchemotherapy agents: ATRA + As2O3
- Reduce the toxicity of chemotherapy
- Reduce the cost of treatment (China)

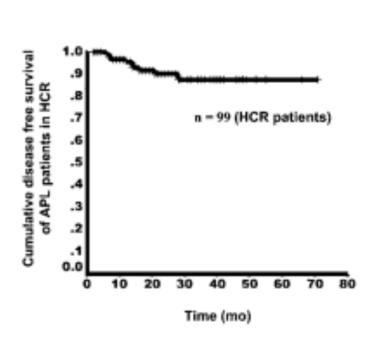
Ravandi F, J Clin Oncol 2009;27:504

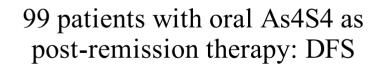
# **Chemotherapy required if arsenic is used as front-line therapy?**



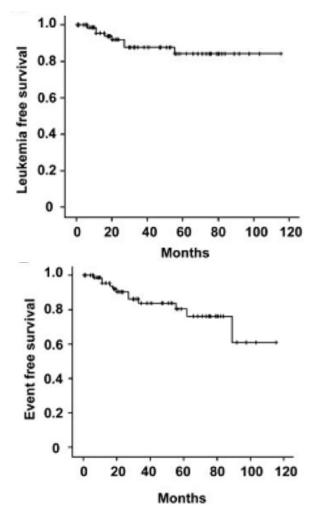
Ravandi F, JCO 2009:27:504 Ravandi F, J Clin Oncol 2009;27:504

## **Oral arsenic**





Lu Blood. 2002;99:3136 Au W, Blood 2011;118:6535



76 patients with oral As2O3 as maintenance therapy: OS/EFS

### **Overview of APL treatment in China**

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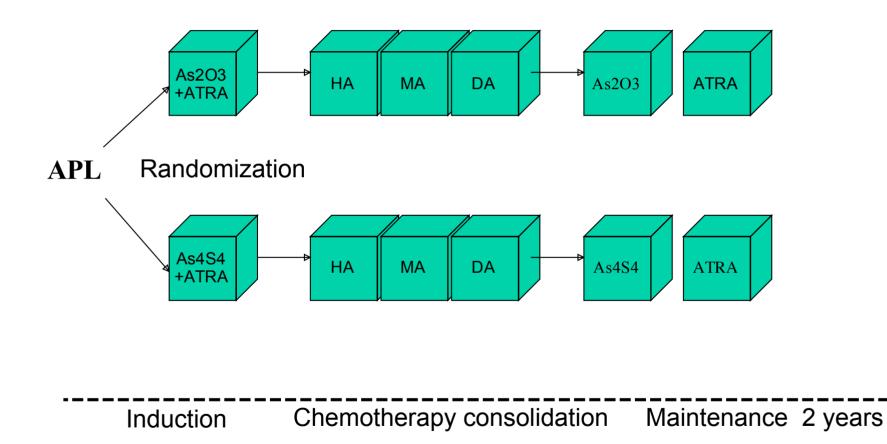
1.

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#### Randomized study compare iv As2O3 and oral As4S4



*Coutersy from Prof Xiao-Jun Huang, Hong-hu Thu* 



#### 北京大学人民医院 北京大学血液病研究所



|          | 共计      |           | As4S4组 |            | As203组 |           |       |
|----------|---------|-----------|--------|------------|--------|-----------|-------|
|          | n=233   | range     | n=112  | range      | n=121  | range     | р     |
| 年龄       | 37      | 15-60     | 33     | 15-60      | 39     | 15-60     | 0.034 |
| 男/女      | 131/105 |           | 59/53  |            | 67/54  |           | NS    |
| WBC      | 2.18    | 0.3-50    | 2.26   | 0.3-54     | 2.2    | 0.3-54.3  | NS    |
| HGB      | 82      | 38-154    | 82     | 38-144     | 82     | 40-154    | NS    |
| PLT      | 30      | 5-333     | 29     | 5-133      | 31     | 5-164     | NS    |
| APL-PB%  | 32%     | 0-96      | 30     | 0-92       | 30     | 0-96      | NS    |
| APL-BM%  | 81%     | 19-96     | 82     | 35-96      | 81     | 19-96     | NS    |
| PML/RARA | 45%     | 9.4-141.7 | 43.1   | 11.3-141.7 | 42.9   | 8.0-132.3 | NS    |
| ΡT       | 13.8    | 10.5-76   | 13.7   | 10.5-120   | 13.9   | 10.9-71.2 | NS    |
| APTT     | 29.1    | 2.5-180   | 29     | 2.5-180    | 28.9   | 20.5-62.5 | NS    |
| INR      | 1.15    | 0.85-2.39 | 1.13   | 0.88-2.25  | 1.16   | 0.87-2.39 | NS    |
| FDP      | 25.8    | 1.78-3422 | 20     | 1.78-3422  | 20     | 1.84-5201 | NS    |
| FIB      | 150     | 100-324   | 175    | 50-418     | 137    | 20-400    | NS    |
| D-D      | 1102    | 380-9999  | 1154   | 82-9999    | 1008   | 380-9999  | NS    |
| AST      | 21      | 8-212     | 20     | 6-164      | 21     | 7.4-212   | NS    |
| ALT      | 18      | 5-166     | 19     | 7-166      | 18     | 5-114     | NS    |
| BUN      | 4.7     | 1.6-148   | 4.8    | 1.6 - 148  | 4.5    | 1.88-82   | NS    |
| Cr       | 61      | 27-203    | 61     | 28-104     | 60     | 27-203    | NS    |

#### *Coutersy from Prof Xiao-Jun Huang, Hong-hu*





# **Induction therapy**

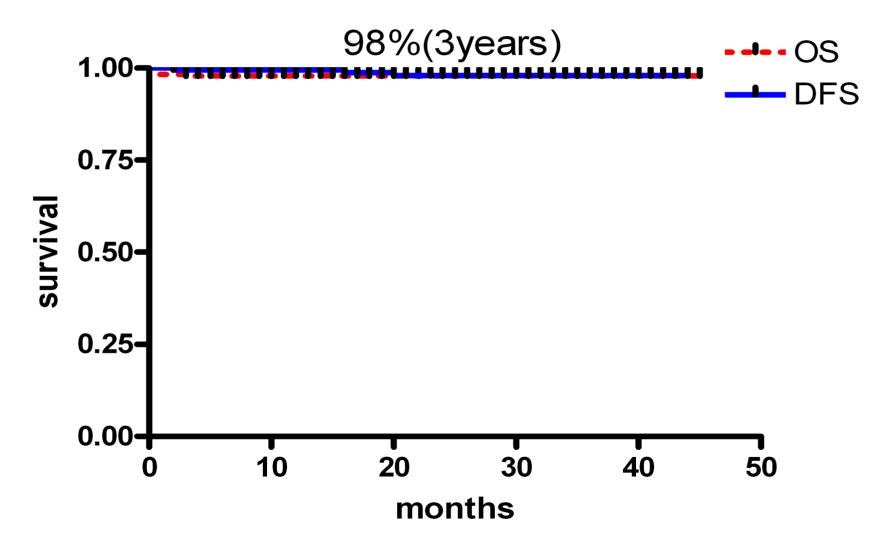
|          | As4S4<br>n=112 | As2O3<br>n=121 | р      |       |  |
|----------|----------------|----------------|--------|-------|--|
|          | 0.00 (         |                |        |       |  |
| CR       | 98%            | 98%            | >0.05  |       |  |
| Time to  | CR 30          | Odays          | 29days | >0.05 |  |
| PML/RA   | AR             |                |        |       |  |
| CR       | 15.0%          | 2.1%           | < 0.05 |       |  |
| Consoli  | dation 0       | 0              | >0.05  |       |  |
| Mol CR   | 100%           | 100%           | )<br>> | 0.05  |  |
| Follow-ı | ip(mths)       | 22             | 22 >0  | .05   |  |

*Coutersy from Prof Xiao-Jun Huang, Hong-hu* 



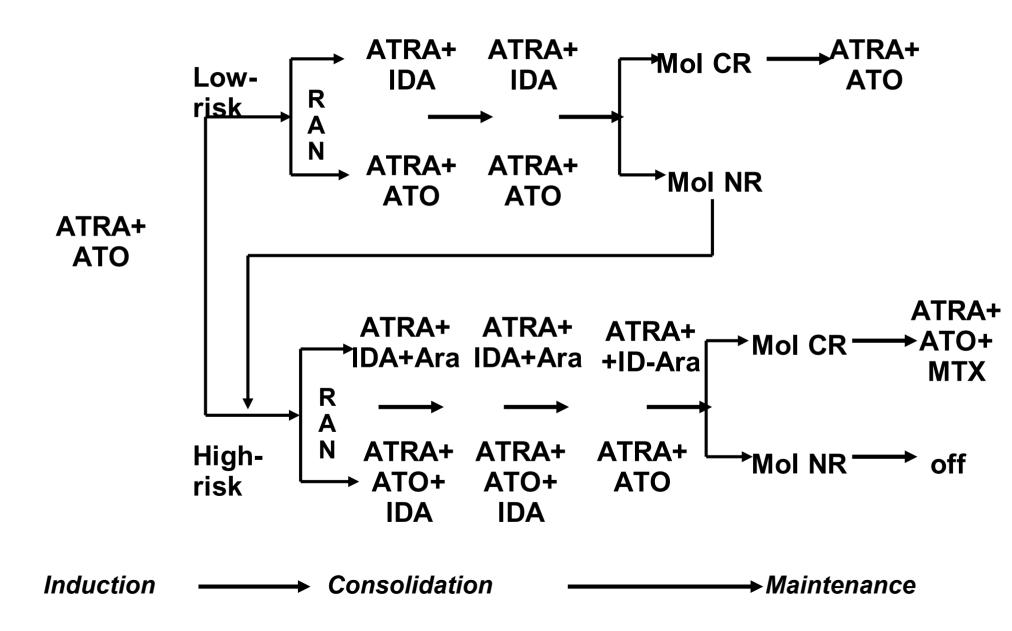


# DFS/OS



Coutersy from Prof Xiao-Jun Huang, Hong-hu

# Study design



# Summary

- Arsenic as front-line therapy: improved long-term DFS/EFS/OS
- Optimization of arsenic:
- Oral arsenic: promising primary data and may replacing iv arsenic in future
- high-adapt strategy:
  - **ATRA+Arsenic for low-risk patients**
  - **ATRA+Arsenic+chemo for high-risk patients**
- long-term toxicity of arsenic

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